



## Year 3 Curriculum Outline Autumn 2 2023

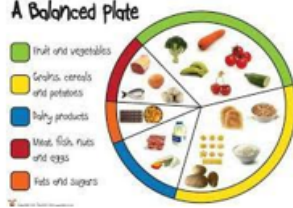
All subjects will be taught discretely, making links to other areas of learning where appropriate.  
These links will be to prior learning and to other subject areas to give knowledge meaning and context.

<p><b>Science – The human Body and healthy eating</b></p> <p>We are continuing to learn about the skeleton and how the body works. We will also look at how to stay healthy.</p>	<p><b>French</b> –We will consolidate our learning of numbers up to 30 and how to greet people in French. We will learn about where we live in French and colours. We will also look at how Christmas is celebrated in France We will practice reading, writing, listening and speaking the language.</p>
<p><b>Geography</b></p> <p>Learning about France and comparing it to UK. We will be using mapwork – atlases, Google Earth and Digimaps, interpreting climate graphs.</p>	<p><b>PE</b> legacy led gymnastics sessions Dodgeball – team work, throwing catching, defending.</p>
<p><b>Computing</b></p> <p>We will continue to develop our computer word processing skills, our research skills and we will learn about stop frame animation. E safety will be a large part of our computing work this half term. We will continue with our touch typing.</p>	<p><b>PSHE</b> Celebrating difference</p>
<p><b>Design Technology /Art</b> –Aprons – designing and creating an apron. In Art, we will be looking at shape and tone and how to use these skills in observational drawings.</p>	
<p><b>Music</b> We will begin our whole class ukulele sessions to develop our Skills and musicality. We will spend class time recognising instruments and looking at some musical genres. We will look at the classical music of Elgar.</p>	<p><b>RE –</b> Who can Inspire us?? Advent - Understand that the events of Advent help Christians to think of those in need</p>
<p><b>How can you help?</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ask your child about their learning in school. • Help your child to research their science and geography topics using the internet and non-fiction texts.</li> <li>• Be aware of what your child is accessing online. • Encourage your child to practise their ukulele.</li> </ul>	

# Geography: France Year 3

Key Vocabulary		Sticky Knowledge	Map of France
Northern hemisphere	The half of Earth that is north of the Equator.	I can locate France on the world map and globe – its location compared to the UK and what continent it is in, Northern Hemisphere –	
Southern hemisphere	The half of Earth that is south of the Equator.	I know that France is split into 27 regions - similar to the UK	
Continent	A large expanse of land made up of several countries.	I know that France is the largest country in western Europe	
Equator	Imaginary line that divides Earth into the Northern and Southern hemispheres.	France is a democracy. It has a president called Macron (youngest French president)	
Climate	Long term weather pattern in an area	I can compare the population and climate of France to the UK	
population	The amount of people who live in a given area.	I can name famous French Landmarks: Eiffel Tower, Arc De Triomphe, Sacre Coeur, Palace of Versailles, Lascaux Paintings	
Industry	Companies and factories which bring money into the country and provide jobs	I know which countries surround France	
Environment	The natural world, as a whole or in a particular geographical area, especially as affected by human activity.	I know about these famous people – Monet, Cezanne, Louis Braille, Thierry Henry, Raymond Blanc	
Landmarks	A feature of a landscape or town that is easily seen and recognized from a distance, often famous.	Over half of France is covered with hills and mountains – mountain range is the Alps and the Pyrenees – Mont Blanc is highest mountain and the Loire is the longest river	
Province	One of the 27 regions into which France is divided.	<b>Recommended book- A lion in Paris</b>  	<b>Prior Knowledge</b>  5 of the 7 continents are in the Northern Hemisphere France is connected to us via the English Channel Currency is the Euro
Democracy	A system of government where the population vote for their leader		
President	The head of state in a country where there is no monarch.		

# Science: Animals including humans- Year 3

Key Vocabulary		Sticky Knowledge	What should I already know?
<b>nutrition</b>	Nutrition involves drinking enough water and eating the right amount of items from the four main food groups.	The spine is made up of 33 bones and the smallest bone is found in our ear.	Know that animals, including humans, have young animals that look like them.
<b>skeleton</b>	The human skeleton is made of bone and grows as we grow. Our skull protects our brain and our ribs protect our heart and lungs	Muscles make up 40% of our total body weight and the smallest muscle is found in our ears. Know the names of the body parts associated with skeleton and muscles.	Know what humans need to survive (including food and water). Know why it is important to eat the right amounts of food.
<b>muscles</b>	Muscles are attached to bones by tendons and help them to move. When a muscle contracts it gets shorter and pulls on the bone it is attached to.	When we are born we have about 300 bones in our body by the time we are adults we have 206 because some bones have fused together.	<p><b>A Balanced Plate</b></p>  <p>• fruit and vegetables • grains, cereals and potatoes • dairy products • meat, fish, nuts and eggs • fats and sugars</p>
<b>diet</b>	Our bodies need a balanced diet to work properly. This involves drinking enough water and eating healthily.	When broken our bones will repair themselves. <u>Doctors</u> use casts or splits to make sure they grow back straight.	
<b>joint</b>	Joints allow the body to make movements. The body has many bones and are connected through the joints.	The longest bone in the human body is the thigh bone called the femur.	
<b>pelvis</b>	The pelvis is a bony cradle-shaped structure located at the base of the spine.	Bone marrow makes up 4% of a human body mass. It produces red blood cells which carry oxygen all around the body.	
<b>rib cage</b>	Is made up of curved bones. The rib cage is found in the chest area. It protects a person's internal organs from damage.	That humans cannot make their own food. They get their nutrition from what they eat.	
<b>cartilage</b>	Cartilage is a connective tissue found in many areas of the body including joints between bones e.g. the elbows, knees and ankles.	That humans have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement. Know the difference between <del>exo</del> and endo skeleton	
<b>Endo / exoskeleton</b>	A skeleton which grows inside / outside the body	Name some animals which have an <del>exo</del> skeleton	
<b>spine</b>	Also known as your backbone, your spine is a strong, flexible column of ring-like bones that runs from your skull to your pelvis.	Know that the body parts have special functions Compare the diets of different groups of animals, including humans.	
<b>tendon</b>	Muscles are attached to the bone by tendons and work in pairs to allow for smooth movement.	Know what a healthy meal looks like.	

