Phonics & Grammar Summer Term <u>Year 2, Week 1, Monday.</u>

Add the suffix -ed to the following words. Remember to apply the spelling rules. Take

knit	bake
fry	snow
play	walk
rules. Add -es to words ending with if for words with a consonant before	e singular to the plural. Remember to apply the spelling a; -o, -ch, -sh, -x, -s, -ss, zz (e.g. go = goes), change a -y for an the -y (e.g. lady + i +es = ladies), just add -s (e.g. tray = trays
bush	bunny
toy	tax
brake	bus
	a <u>bunny (rabbit)</u> , for each of these area.
Write adjectives to describe	
Write adjectives to describe Size (e.g. large/tiny)	a bunny (rabbit), for each of these area.
Write adjectives to describe Size (e.g. large/tiny) Size (e.g. skinny, chubby)	a <u>bunny (rabbit)</u> , for each of these area.
Write adjectives to describe Size (e.g. large/tiny) Size (e.g. skinny, chubby) Colour	a <u>bunny (rabbit)</u> , for each of these area.
Write adjectives to describe Size (e.g. large/tiny) Size (e.g. skinny, chubby) Colour Texture (e.g. soft, fuzzy)	a <u>bunny (rabbit)</u> , for each of these area.
Write adjectives to describe Size (e.g. large/tiny) Size (e.g. skinny, chubby) Colour Texture (e.g. soft, fuzzy) Character (e.g. hungry, kind) Write verbs (actions) to expl	a <u>bunny (rabbit)</u> , for each of these area.
Write adjectives to describe Size (e.g. large/tiny) Size (e.g. skinny, chubby) Colour Texture (e.g. soft, fuzzy) Character (e.g. hungry, kind) Write verbs (actions) to explodescribe how the rabbit is defined.	a <u>bunny (rabbit)</u> , for each of these area. ain what the bunny (rabbit) is doing and adverbs t

describing words (e.g. large, chubby, soft, white, hungry bunny), a verb/action (e.g. nibbled

lettuce), an adverb (noisily) and a reason for the action (because, so) or where/a place the action

happens (e.g. on the garden lawn). Change the adjectives, verb, adverb and reason/place each time.

Phonics & Grammar Summer Term <u>Year2</u>, <u>Week 1</u>, <u>Tuesday</u>. Add the suffix -ing to the following words. Remember to apply the spelling rules. Take an -e off before adding -ing (waye + ing = waving), double the last letter of words with a short vowel (e.g. hop = hop + p + ing = hopping), just add -ing (e.g. flow + ing = flowing). knit _____ bake fry _____ snow ____ hid Choose the correct past tense irregular verb for these words. drank went drink _____ hide ____ 90 _____ found bought buy _____ find ____ ate Add the suffix -ly to the following words. Remember to apply the spelling rules. For words ending with -y where there is a consonant before the -y, take off the -y, put in an -i then add -ly (e.g. happy + i + ly = happily), otherwise just add -ly. slow _____ merry _____ loud _____ noisy _____ Write adjectives to describe a boy, for each of these area. Size (e.g. large/tiny) Size (e.g. short, towering) Size (e.g. skinny, chubby) Appearance (e.g. clean, dirty) Character (e.g. hungry, kind) Write verbs (actions) to explain what the boy is doing and adverbs to describe

Write verbs (actions) to explain what the boy is doing and adverbs to describe how the boy is doing it, <u>e.g.</u> shouted angrily.

1.	

2. _____

3. _____

Write 3 interesting sentences about boys. Remember to include commas between describing words (e.g. short, fat, scruffy, scared boy), a verb/action (e.g. shouted), an adverb (nervously) and a reason for the action (because, so) or where/a place the action happens (e.g. at the other boys to stop ...). Change the adjectives, verb, adverb and reason/ place each time.

Phonics & Grammar Summer Term <u>Year 2, Week 1, Wednesday.</u>

	arger), double the last letter of words with a short -y for an -i before adding -er for words with a
hot	wide
cold	narrow
happy	sad
an -e off before adding -est (large + est = large vowel (e.g. big = big + g + est = biggest), change	vords. Remember to apply the spelling rules. Take est), double the last letter of words with a short a -y for an -i before adding -est for words with a funniest), just add -est (e.g. slow + est = slowest).
hot	wide
cold	narrow
happy	sad
Write exclaimed sentences for the give must start with what or how and end with an exe.g. What a beautiful hat you are wearing! How warm that hat looks! What a warm looking hat! How pretty that hat is you are wearing! Coats for Kids	ren pictures. Remember exclaimed sentences exclamation mark!

Phonics & Grammar Summer Term <u>Year 2, Week 2, Monday.</u>

toy	try
drop	talk
grate	show
rules. Add -es to words ending	the singular to the plural. Remember to apply the spelling with; -o, -ch, -sh, -x, -s, -ss, zz (e.g. go = goes), change a -y for an ore the -y (e.g. lady + i +es = ladies), just add -s (e.g. tray = trays
bench	box
lolly	lake
donkey	dress
Write adjectives to descr	be a donkey, for each of these area.
Size (e.g. large/tiny)	
Size (e.g. skinny, chubby)	
Colour	
Texture (e.g. soft, fuzzy)	
Character (e.g. hungry, kind) _	
	kplain what the donkey is doing and adverbs to doing it, e.g. hungrily munched on lush, green, grass.
1	
	

Write 3 interesting sentences about donkeys. Remember to include commas between describing words (e.g. small, skinny, rough, grey, hungry donkey), a verb/action (e.g. munched grass), an adverb (hungrily) and a reason for the action (because, so) or where the action happens (e.g. in the lush, green field). Change the adjectives, verb, adverb and reason/place each time.

Phonics & Grammar Summer Term <u>Year 2</u>, <u>Week 2</u>, <u>Tuesday</u>. Add the suffix -ing to the following words. Remember to apply the spelling rules. Take an -e off before adding -ing (waye + ing = waving), double the last letter of words with a short vowel (e.g. hop = hop + p + ing = hopping), just add -ing (e.g. flow + ing = flowing). drink _____ skip _____ drive _____ sat Choose the correct past tense irregular verb for these words. rode drove drive _____ sit ____ ride _____ caught rang catch _____ ring ____ swam Add the suffix -ly to the following words. Remember to apply the spelling rules. For words ending with -y where there is a consonant before the -y, take off the -y, put in an -i then add -ly (e.g. happy + i + ly = happily), otherwise just add -ly. steady _____ quick _____ quiet _____ Write adjectives to describe a girl, for each of these area. Size (e.g. large/tiny) Size (e.g. skinny, chubby) Appearance (e.g. young, ugly) Appearance (e.g. dirty, wrinkled) Character (e.g. hungry, kind) Write verbs (actions) to explain what the girl is doing and adverbs to describe

how the boy is doing it, <u>e.g. skipped merrily.</u>

1. _____

2.

Write 3 interesting sentences about boys. Remember to include commas between describing words (e.g. tall, lanky, sweet, well-dressed, happy), a verb/action (e.g. skipped), an adverb (merrily) and a reason for the action (because, so) or where/a place the action happens (e.g. through the woods to ...). Change the adjectives, verb, adverb and reason/ place each time.

Phonics & Grammar Summer Term <u>Year 2, Week 2, Wednesday.</u>

Take an -e off before adding -er (large + vowel (e.g. big = big + g + er = bigger), chai	g words. Remember to apply the spelling rules. er = larger), double the last letter of words with a short nge a -y for an -i before adding -er for words with a er = funnier), just add -er (e.g. slow + er = slower).
fat	thin
brave	scary
warm	cool
an -e off before adding -est (large + est = vowel (e.g. big = big + g + est = biggest), ch	ing words. Remember to apply the spelling rules. Take largest), double the last letter of words with a short nange a -y for an -i before adding -est for words with a lest = funniest), just add -est (e.g. slow + est = slowest).
fat	thin
brave	scary
warm	
must start with what or how and end with e.g. What a windy day it is! How wild that wind looks! What a wild, wet, windy, day it is! How wet and wild that wind blows!	